
Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1. Two angles are supplementary. One angle measures 46° more than the other. Find the measure of the two angles.

۸	22	1/18	P	74	106
А.	52,	140	D.	74,	100

C. 67, 113 D. 76, 104

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of a segment having the given endpoints. 2. Q(8, 11), R(-9, -8)

$\Gamma. (9.3, -0.3) \qquad \text{U.} (0.3, 9.3)$	F.	(9.5, -8.5)	G. (8.5, 9.5)
---	----	-------------	---------------

H. (-0.5, 1.5) I. (17, 19)

3. Q(5.3, 9.2), R(1.8, 7.6)

A. (3.55, 8.4)	B. (7.25, 4.7)
C. (3.5, 1.6)	D. (1.75, 0.8)

In the figure, \overrightarrow{KJ} and \overrightarrow{KL} are opposite rays. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$ and \overrightarrow{KM} bisects $\angle NKL$.



- F. 5 G. 6
- H. 3 I. 45



Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

5. In the figure, the measure of angle NML=100, $\overrightarrow{PQ} \parallel \overrightarrow{TU}$ and $\overrightarrow{KL} \parallel \overleftarrow{NM}$. Find the measure of angle QSN.



Determine whether \overleftrightarrow{WX} and \overleftrightarrow{YZ} are parallel, perpendicular, or neither. 6. W(-4, 5), X(6, 1) Y(-1, 6), Z(5, 3)

- F. parallel
- G. neither
- H. perpendicular

Determine the slope of the line that contains the given points.

- 7. *T*(4, 4), *V*(8, 7)
 - A. $\frac{4}{3}$ B. $-\frac{4}{3}$ C. -1 D. $\frac{3}{4}$
- 8. Find the value of the variable and *LM* if *M* is between *L* and *N*. *HInt: draw segment LN and put M between L and N to "see" the equation.*

LM = 8a, MN = 5a, LN = 65

F. a = 21.7, LM = 65 G. a = 7, LM = 72H. a = 5, LM = 25 I. a = 5, LM = 40

Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

Find the volume of the solid. 9.



Find the circumference of the figure. 10.



F. about 22 in. G. about 11 in.

H. about 7 in. I. about 38.5 in.

Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

Find each measure. 11. $m \angle 1$, $m \angle 2$, $m \angle 3$ $2 \quad 60^{\circ}$ 43° 1 62° A. $m \angle 1 = 62$, $m \angle 2 = 48$, $m \angle 3 = 56$ C. $m \angle 1 = 48$, $m \angle 2 = 72$, $m \angle 3 = 56$ B. $m \angle 1 = 62$, $m \angle 2 = 72$, $m \angle 3 = 56$ D. $m \angle 1 = 48$, $m \angle 2 = 60$, $m \angle 3 = 62$

12. In the figure, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$. Find x and y.



F. x = 32, y = 137 G. x = 38, y = 151H. x = 52, y = 137 I. x = 137, y = 52

Classify the triangle as acute, equiangular, obtuse, or right.





B. equiangular and obtuse

C. equiangular and acute D. obtuse

D. 72

Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

2

Find each measure. 14. m∠1, m∠2, m∠3



Identify the congruent triangles in the figure.



Write an equation in point-slope form of the line having the given slope that contains the given point. 16. m = 5, (4, 3)

F. y = 5x - 1H. y - 4 = 5(x - 3)G. y - 5 = 3(x - 4)I. y - 3 = 5(x - 4)

Refer to the figure. $\triangle ARM$, $\triangle MAX$, and $\triangle XFM$ are all isosceles triangles.



C. 64

Name:

Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

18. Triangles *ABC* and *AFD* are vertical congruent equilateral triangles. Find x and y.



F. x = 7, y = 27 G. $x = \frac{7}{3}$, y = 27H. $x = \frac{7}{3}$, y = 28 I. x = 7, y = 33

Chapter 4 Cumulative Test Review

Answer Key

1. C			
2. H			
3. A			
4. G			
5. В			
6. G			
7. D			
8. I			
9. D			
10. F			
11. C			
12. H			
13. C			
14. H			
15. C			
16. I			
17. D			
18. F			